Household type (11)

Fotal - Household type <sup>1</sup>
Family households

One family only households 2

Without children

Other family households 4

One person households

Two or more person households

With children

Non-family households

Couple family households 3

Lone-parent family households

4.1

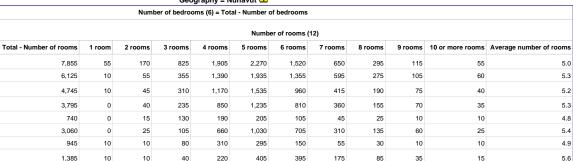
3.9

48

Census > 2006 Census: Data products > Topic-based tabulations >

Household Type (11), Number of Rooms (12) and Number of Bedrooms (6) for Private Households of Canada, Provinces, Territories, Census Metropolitan Areas and Census Agglomerations, 2006 Census - 20% Sample Data

## Geography = Nunavut 🗘



160

110

50

60

40

15

20

10

10

0

10

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0

0

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#### Note(s)

#### i. Census metropolitan areas and census agglomerations crossing provincial boundaries

There is one census metropolitan area (Ottawa - Gatineau) and three census agglomerations (Campbellton, Hawkesbury and Lloydminster) that cross provincial boundaries. The data for their respective provincial parts are included with the appropriate census metropolitan area or census agglomeration, with data for the census metropolitan area or census agglomeration within the province of the provincial part that contributes the majority of the population to the area. For example, Ottawa - Gatineau can be found in Ontario, Campbellton in New Brunswick, Hawkesbury in Ontario and Lloydminster in Alberta.

515

415

100

335

255

a۸

1.

#### Total - Household type

Household type

Part A - Plain language definition

Category to which a person living alone or a group of persons occupying the same dwelling belong. There are two categories: non-family households and family households.

120

110

10

470

440

25

A non-family household consists either of one person living alone or of two or more persons who share a dwelling, but do not constitute a family.

45

45

٥

Family households are divided into two subcategories: one-family households and multiple-family households.

1.730

1,440

290

A one-family household consists of a single family (e.g., a couple with or without children). A multiple-family household is made up of two or more families occupying the same dwelling.

Part B - Detailed definition

Refers to the basic division of private households into family and non-family households. Family household refers to a household that contains at least one census family, that is, a married couple with or without children, or a couple living common-law with or without children, or a lone parent living with one or more children (lone-parent family). One-family household refers to a single census family (with or without other persons) that occupies a private dwelling. Multiple-family household refers to a household in which two or more census families (with or without additional persons) occupy the same private dwelling.

Non-family household refers to either one person living alone in a private dwelling or to a group of two or more people who share a private dwelling, but who do not constitute a census family.

# 2. One family only households

Refers to households that consist solely of one census family without additional persons. In 2001, this category was called 'One-family households' and also included census families with additional persons.

### Couple family households

Refers to households with opposite-sex or same-sex couples.

4.

### Other family households

Refers to one-census family households with additional persons and to multiple-census family households, with or without additional persons. In 2001, this category was called 'Multiple-family households' and did not include one-family households with additional persons.



• Data quality index showing, for the long census questionnaire (20% sample data), a global non response rate higher than or equal to 5% but lower than 10%.

Source: Statistics Canada, 2006 Census of Population.

How to cite: Statistics Canada. 2007. Household Type (11), Number of Rooms (12) and Number of Bedrooms (6) for Private Households of Canada, Provinces, Territories, Census Metropolitan Areas and Census Agglomerations, 2006 Census - 20% Sample Data (table). Topic-based tabulation. 2006 Census of Population.

Statistics Canada catalogue no. 97-554-XCB2006008. Ottawa. Released September 12, 2007.

http://www12.statcan.ca/english/census06/data/topics/Print.cfm?PID=89041&GID=838093&D1=0&D2=0&D3=0&D4=0&D5=0&D6=0 (accessed June 08, 2009).

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